

lisa.marco-bujosa@Villanova.edu

THE

argumentationtoolkit.org



Agenda

- 1. Welcome and introduction
- 2. Video: Using evidence to consider competing claims
- 3. Activity: Mystery fossil card sort
- 4. Introducing The Argumentation Toolkit
- 5. Session Takeaways

This presentation's PowerPoint and handouts can be found at lisamarcobujosa.weebly.com under the "Professional Development " tab



1. Introductions

- Introductions
 - Grades/subject areas that you teach
 - Familiarity with scientific argumentation





RGUMENTATION

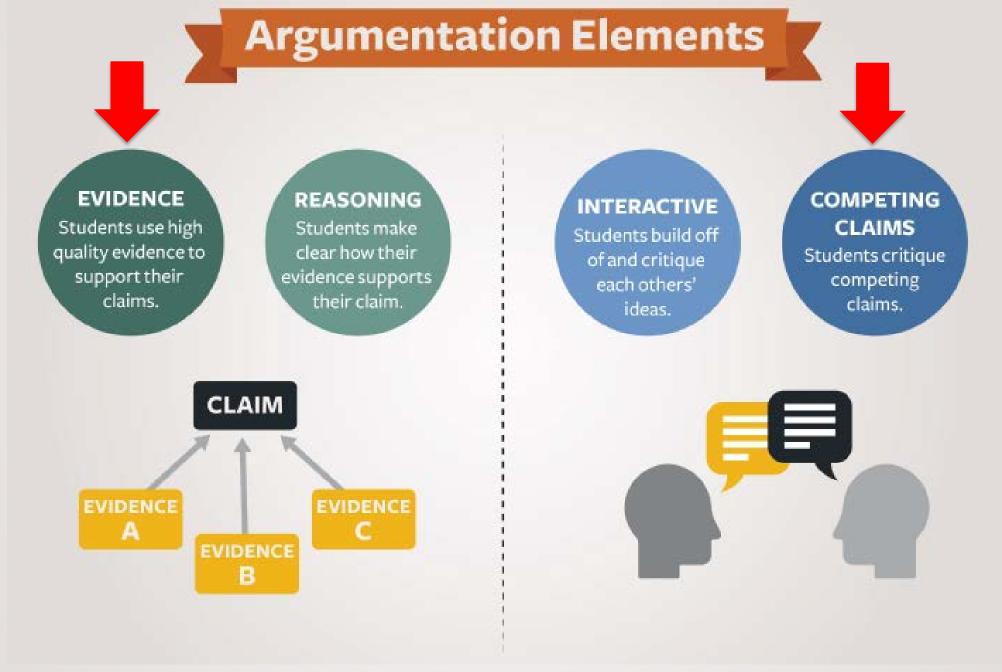
Very familiar

 $\ensuremath{\textcircled{\sc 0}}$ 2016 by The Regents of the University of California. All Rights Reserved.

Session Goals

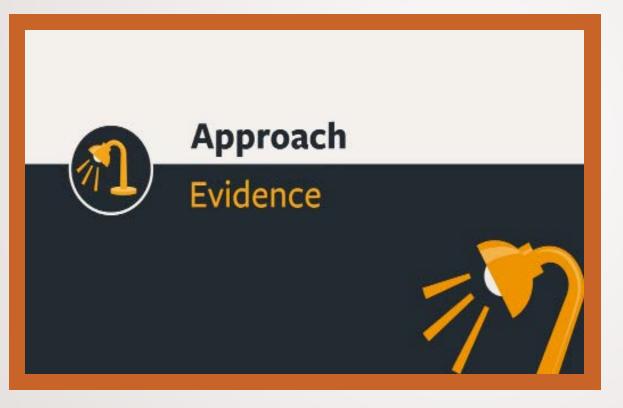
- Introduce the four areas of argumentation in which students need extra support:

 Evidence, 2) Reasoning, 3) Student Interaction, and 4) Competing Claims.
- 2. Develop an understanding of argumentation as a *social process* in which students build, question and critique claims using evidence and reasoning.
- 3. Introduce *The Argumentation Toolkit*, a web resource to support student and teacher learning about scientific argumentation.





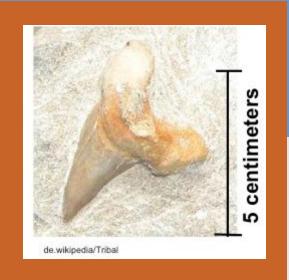
2. Video: Using evidence to consider competing claims



This <u>video</u> focuses on how evidence can be used to evaluate multiple claims



3. Activity: Mystery Fossil Card Sort



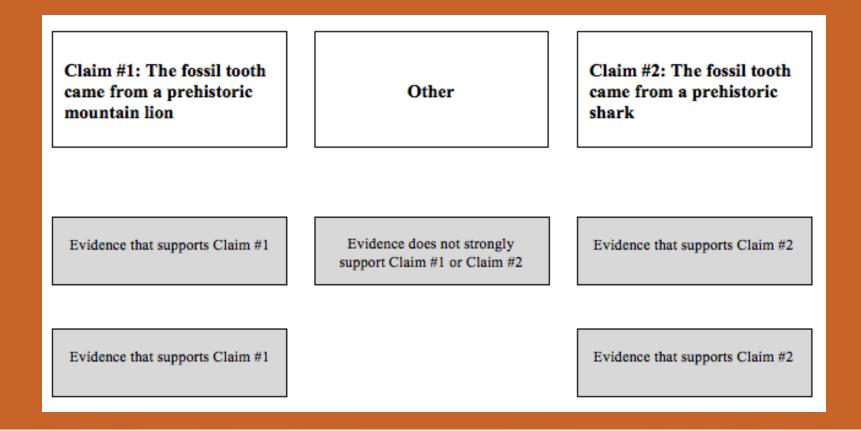
The task:

- Work in pairs or small groups to categorize evidence cards as supporting either:
 - 1. The fossil tooth came from a prehistoric mountain lion.
 - 2. The fossil tooth came from a prehistoric shark.
 - 3. Other

Make sure to articulate why you sort cards as you do



Setting up your cards



• Start with Group 1 (white evidence cards); then Group 2 (gray evidence cards)



Discussion about Card Sort

After sorting the cards from Group #1:

Which claim do you feel is best supported given the existing evidence?

After sorting <u>all</u> the cards, including those from Group #2:

- What did you talk about when you were discussing the evidence?
- Did your conversations change once you received the cards from Group 2?
- How can you envision your students engaging in this activity? What would work well? What challenges would they have?



<u>Video 2</u> provides an overview of the resources available on *The Argumentation Toolkit* Website (<u>www.argumentationtoolkit.org</u>) to support teacher and student learning about scientific argumentation.



The Argumentation Toolkit









Organized by Learning Module

The modules each include a sequence of four 45-minute sessions for a total of 3 hours. These can be used for one longer meeting (i.e. 3 hours) or used over multiple sessions (4 sessions 1 month apart, each for 45 minutes). We recommend using the Introductory Module on Scientific Argumentation first. Any of the other modules may be used after the first one depending on the needs and interests of teachers.

Module Name		Description		
	Introductory Module on Scientific Argumentation	 Goal - Introduces the four argument elements. DCI - Life science focused on fossil record (MS-LS4-1, MS-LS4-2) and the human body systems (MS-LS1-3) 		
	Advanced Module - Science Seminar	 Goal - Introduces the science seminar, an argumentation activity. DCI - Earth science focused on weather (MS-ESS2-5) and climate (MS-ESS2-6) 		
	Advanced Module - Designing Rich Argumentation Tasks	 Goal - Introduces four criteria and other considerations when designing rich argumentation tasks DCI - Life science focused on growth, development and reproduction of organisms (MS-LS1-5) and fossil record (MS-LS4-1) 		
	Advanced Module - Evidence and Reasoning	 Goal - Supports teachers in helping students overcome common challenges in using evidence and reasoning in scientific arguments. DCI - Earth science focused on earth processes, such as earthquakes (MS-ESS2-2), the cycling of earth materials (MS-ESS2-1), and the force of gravity (MS-ESS2-4). 		



Agenda

The agenda for this module's sessions can be found within each session's page. However, you can also click here for a downloadable version of the agenda that cuts across all four sessions in this introductory module.

Session Name	Description	Length
Session #1: What is the role of evidence in a scientific argument?	This session introduces the four areas of argumentation that students need extra support in, and then focuses specifically on the role of evidence.	45 minutes
Session #2: How does considering competing claims support students' use of evidence and reasoning?	This session illustrates how engaging students in competing claims supports their use of evidence and reasoning, and also deepens their understanding of the science content.	45 minutes
Session #3: What is the role of reasoning in a scientific argument?	This session focuses on the role of reasoning, and introduces an instructional strategy that can help students incorporate reasoning into their written arguments.	45 minutes
Session #4: How do we support students in interacting with peers during argumentation?	This session highlights the interactive nature of argumentation using an activity in which students analyze data with peers.	45 minutes



Organized by Session

The sessions that make up these modules can also be accessed individually, either by argumentation element (e.g. evidence, competing claims) or by activity (e.g. card sort, student writing). Each session is 45 minutes long. If you do select sessions here, consider the background of the teachers. The sessions pulled from the Advanced Modules assume some familiarity with the argumentation elements. See this organization below.



Session Name	Argumentation Element	Activity	
 What is the role of evidence in a scientific argument? 	Evidence	Card Sort	
 How does considering competing claims support students' use of evidence and reasoning? 	Competing Claims	Cart Sort	
 What is the role of reasoning in a scientific argument? 	Reasoning	Reasoning Tool, Student Writing	



Home

Intro

Argument Elements

Resources

Teacher Learning

About

What is the role of evidence in a scientific argument?

Session Goals:

- Teachers will be introduced to four areas of argumentation in which students need extra support: 1) Evidence, 2) Reasoning, 3) Student Interaction and 4) Competing Claims.
- Teachers will develop an understanding of argumentation as a social process in which students build, question and critique claims using evidence and reasoning.
- Teachers will be introduced to a Card Sort as an instructional activity that encourages students to think about what evidence does and does not support a claim.
- Teachers will design a new lesson or revise an existing lesson to integrate argumentation into their science instruction.*
- Teachers will identify areas of argumentation that are challenging for their students.*

*Note: These final two goals are only applicable if the module is implemented as multiple sessions

Agenda:

- Video: Introduction to module
- 2. Activity: Mystery card sort 1
- 3. Video & Discussion: Encouraging talk about evidence
- 4. Session takeaways

*Extension - Try it with your students!

Materials:

- 1. Detailed agenda for facilitator
- 2 Card Sort 1

Presentation View



4. Session Takeaways

Evidence is observations or data about the natural world that is used to support claims Competing claims provide students with an authentic reason to argue

Some pieces of evidence can be stronger than others in support of a claim Weighing competing claims can encourage students to think about how the evidence supports the claim, and refine their understandings of the science concepts



More information

Argumentation Toolkit http://www.argumentationtoolkit.org/

Lisa Marco-Bujosa <u>lisa.marco-bujosa@villanova.edu</u> lisamarcobujosa.weebly.com







Developed in collaboration with Boston College

Funding provided by National Science Foundation

NSF DRL-1119584

Any opinion, findings, and conclusions or recommendations expressed in this material are those of the authors(s) and do not necessarily reflect the views of the National Science Foundation.

